

ances: this, that, there

- ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

ances: this, that, there

b. Absolute social deixis

Example of Social Deixis:

The word “the orderly” is absolute social deixis which refers in certain forms of address which will include no comparison of the ranking of the speaker and addressee.

In this research, the researcher not only reads and understand the theory from reference book but also reads some related studies that have similar discussion to compare with this study, the first related study by Made Devi Pebiyanti in 2006. She found the types of deixis including (person deixis: *I, He, She, They, We, and You*. Time deixis: *last, next, today, yesterday, tomorrow, now, and then*. Place deixis: *here, there, and East*. Social deixis: *Guru, Yoga, Ashram, West and residence*. Discourse deixis: *It, this/these, and that/those*).

The second by Nadhifatul Faricha in 2007. She found that deixis used on National section of The Jakarta Post consists of person deixis, time deixis, place

The fourth by Magdalena Selvi Yuliawati Sudibyo in 2009. She found seven kinds of deixis by William Wordsworth poems include 14 person deixis, 2 time deixis, 3 place deixis, 7 social deixis, 2 discourse deixis, 0 gestural deixis and 0 symbolic deixis. The five by Ike Endah Rachmawati in 2011. She explained about the deixis is the study how to analyze word or phrase which directly relates utterance to a person, time, place, social and discourse.

The last related study by Zuhriyatul Afiah in 2014, she found that deixis used on *A Farewell to Arms* novel consists of person deixis, time deixis, place deixis, discourse deixis and social deixis. Therefore, this research applies theory of deixis in the fairy tale “The Little Mermaid” by Stephen C. Levinson to get more data. The researcher uses fairy tale because it has many word or phrase

