

A Language Choice Used by the Main characters in “Captain Philips” Movie

THESIS

Submitted as Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Bachelor Degree of

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UIN Sunan Ampel Surabaya



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Surabaya, October 9th 2018

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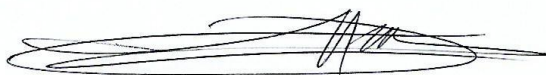
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**This is to certify that the thesis advisor to be examined has approved
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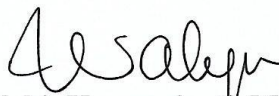
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ABSTRACT

Jannah, SonniyaEfatul. 2018. A Language Choice Used by the Main Character in “*Captain Philips*” Movie. Thesis.English Department.Faculty of Arts and Humanities. States Islamic University of Sunan Ampel Surabaya.

Advisor: Dr. Mohammad Kurjum. M.Ag

Keywords: Language choice, domain, social factor, and social dimension

This research is a sociolinguistic study. This research focuses on analysing language choice used by the main character in “Captain Philips” the movie. The objective of this research is the “Captain Philips” movie. The writer uses descriptive qualitative approach to get the data about the language choice. The writer uses Janet Holmes Theories of language choice, social factor and social dimension. The finding of the study reveals that the language choice of the main character is much influenced factor is addressee. In this research, the writer find two the main character, which uses language choice. They are Muse and Nemo, they used Somalia and English language in different domain. Based on Janet Holmes theories “the social dimension the relationship between the addressee and the addressees can be described as close”. So from the explanation from Holmes, The writer can conclude both the addressees have social dimension as close.

INTISARI

Jannah, Sonniya Efatul. 2018. A Language Choice Used by the Main Character in "*Captain Philips*" Movie. Thesis, English Department. Faculty of Arts and Humanities. States Islamic University of Sunan Ampel Surabaya.

Penguji : Dr. Muhammad Kurjum. M.Ag

Kata kunci : Pilihan Bahasa, domain, factor sosial, dandimensisocial

Penelitian ini menggunakan pembelajaran sosiolinguistik. Penelitian ini berfokus pada analisa penggunaan pemilihan bahasa yang digunakan oleh karakter utama dalam film “captain Philips” movie. Objek penelitian tersebut adalah film “Captain Philips”. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan deskriptif kualitatif untuk mendapatkan data tentang pemilihan bahasa. Penelitian menggunakan teori dari Janet Holmes tentang pemilihan bahasa, factor social, dan dimensi social. Penemuan dalam penelitian ini adalah pemilihan bahasa yang digunakan oleh karakter utama mempengaruhi pembicara. Dalam penelitian ini, penulis menemukan dua karakter utama yang menggunakan pemilihan bahasa. Mereka adalah Muse dan Nemo, Mereka menggunakan bahasa Somalia dan bahasa Inggris dalam domain yang berbeda. Berdasarkan teori Holmes “dimensi social yang berhubungan antara penerima dan pemirsa yang mempunyai hubungan berdekatan”. Jadi dari penjelasan Holmes tersebut peneliti menyimpulkan bahwa antara kedua pembicara mempunyai hubungan dimensi social yang amat dekat.

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conclude that someone who uses language in different social context can provide information how does the language works, for example kin social interaction.

A Language as a tool of communication with the others people to share the human needs is very important. According to Wardaugh in his book *an introduction to sociolinguistics fifth edition* said that “Language is a system arbitrary vocal symbol used by communication” So, we know that without language, people cannot interact with the others. By language, people can share their experience, feelings, and their need each other by spoken or written.

Linguistic is the study about language. In linguistic there are some branches like phonology, morphology, Syntax, semantic, pragmatic, discourse analysis (DA), Sociolinguistic, psycholinguistic, historical linguistic, linguist and their theories.

Sociolinguistic is the study related between language and society. In sociolinguistic there are many branch, one of them is language choice. Language choice divided into six: Language choice (multilingual and bilingual), language variety, language use, diglossia, code-switching, and code- mixing. In this research, the writer divided used language choice which focused on bilingual.

Language choice is a part of sociolinguistic that can be defined as choosing a language used in certain domain because of different domain or different context. It has relation to language repertoire and diglossia. The used of languages choice not only in formal situation and informal situation, Formal

situation like in school, college, and office. Informal situation like when we talk with my friend, little brother or little sister.

There is relation about social interaction in language choice., especially those are language switch, language mix, bilingualism, multilingualism, and nativization. Based on Finegan in his book *language its structure and uses fourth edition* (2004: page 483), said “Nativization is a possible side effect of multilingualism, which takes place when a community adopts a new language on speech society. Therefore, social interaction is a part of speech society. Society as the subject of communication can make a process whereby a language gains native speaker”. Based the explanation from Finegan’s book the writer conclude that Nativization a side effect that occurs when a community adopts a new language in speech. Therefore social interaction has an important role in social interaction and society as the subject of communication where it can obtain native speaker language. According to Spolsky in his book *sociolinguistic* (1998:page 25), states that “ A speech society is a complex interlocking network of communities whose members share knowledge about and attitudes towards the language use patterns of others as well as themselves. Other hand, speech society is directly related to the structure of community”. So the writer can conclude that the speech society is a speaking community where they share knowledge and attitudes towards the use of their own language and other languages.

The use of language choice happen is not only in daily life but also in the movie. In the movie proof with there is conversation; conversation is a part of social context. According to Holmes (1992:1) said that “the kinds of people use

The fourth previous study is from Katharina Golitschek (2004) the title *Language choice in children's Animated TV shows*, master's thesis, Florida Atlantic university. Her research focused on three popular US children's shows, Dora the explorer (nickelodeon), Maya and Miguel (PBS Kids), and Manny (Disney channel) in terms of their incorporation of Spanish. She used qualitative and quantitative methods to assess the frequency and types of

ing that appears in the data.

fourth previous study is from Katharina Golitschevskaya, a linguist at the University of Cologne. Her research, *Language choice in children's Animated TV shows*, was published in 2015 by a German linguistic university. Her research focused on three popular animated series: *Dora the explorer* (nickelodeon), *Maya and Miguel* (Disney channel) in term of their incorporation of Spanish and English. She used both qualitative and quantitative to assess the frequency and

quantitative to assess the frequency and types of use of bilingualism and language pedagogy. The study focuses on language choice and socio cultural objectives. The study is from KhifithiChairinaDurriyah (2014) the student of Islamic History and civilization, UIN SUNAN AMPEL Surabaya. The study focuses on language choice. The objectives of

study are to describe what languages are used by SKI students in different domains, when they change the language and the reason why they choose the language. The writer used qualitative research. The writer observed how the student talk, in the observation the writer made field note, and then the writer interview to the student. The results, language used by SKI student are Indonesian, Javanese, Madures and Malaysia.

The sixth previous study is from Suryadi (2016) with the title *language choice used by student of English department at faculty of art and humanities state Islamic university SunanAmpel Surabaya*. In this research, the writer used theories from Janet Holmes (2013) and Chaer and Agustina (2004) as the main theories. The method used as qualitative method. The data collection techniques were using interview and observation in the fields. The writer got the data from the student of English department especially from madureess and Javanese student of English department. This method used to answer the phenomenon of language choice occurred among them. The study concluded that the student of English department at faculty of arts and humanities are multilingual society, which used more than two languages, due with this they should use language choice in their daily communication. at least there are three languages categories used by them, they are vernacular language (Javanese/ madurasee), national language Indonesia), and foreign language (English language). They use language choice influenced by some social factors such as participant, topic, setting, and function.

After reading a previous studies, the writer interested to choose take a title language choice in the “Captain Philips” movie, because from the whole

ing Tom Hanks and BarkhadAbdi. Which inspired by the true story of the *Maersk Alabama* hijacking, an incident during which merchant captain Richard Phillips were taken hostage by pirates in the Indian Ocean. The movie was released on October 11, 2013. The main character is Captain Richard Phillips who was taken by Somalia people, to get a ransom for their daily life.

In the movie shows about the main character was used of two languages. These are English language and Somalia language that used by the characters "BarkhadAbdi". Ability to use two languages is called bilingualism. Based on the explanation above the writer is interested to analyze language choice in the "Captain Philips" movie not only focuses on the language choice but also

a Philips” who was taken by Somalia

movie shows about the main character

1.2 Research Problems

From the explanation above, the writer makes the statement of the problems as follow:

1. What are the languages choices that used by the main characters in “Captain Philips” movie?

2. What are the reasons by the main character used language choice in the “Captain Philips” the movie?

1.3 Research Objective

From the research problem above, the objective of the research are:

1. To know what are the language choices that used by the main characters.
2. To know the reason by the main characters used language choice.

1.4 Significance of the study

The findings of this research were expected to become the one of the sources in sociolinguistics study, such as the definition of language choice, social factor, and social dimension. The writer wants this study will useful for her to improve her knowledge about language choice. The writer wants to show, how people use language choice and how the sociolinguistics analysis used in language choice of movie.

1.5 Scope and Limitation

This study of this research is sociolinguistics study. There are two characters that use language choice: Muse and Nemo. The writer uses “Captain Philips” movie as the data collection because this movie is used two language, and this movie never analysed by another writer. The limitation on the data are collected through dialogue transcribe of “Captain Philips” movie. The writer only focuses on the dialogue between Muse and Nemo. Based on Holmes theories, in his book *an introduction to sociolinguistics* (1992: page 70) the factors that

CHAPTER II

Review of Related Literature

In this chapter, the writer shows the review of related literature with topic of this study. There are many sub chapters here, there are sociolinguistic, speech community, Language choice, Diglossia and bilingualism, Polyglossia and Multilingualism, Code switching and code mixing, domain, social factors, and social dimension.

2. 1. Theoretical Framework

2.1.1. Sociolinguistics

Dealing with the society we need also to consider the basic thought and study result of both sociology and linguistics. Some linguists come to sociolinguistics from the field sociology and name their study Sociolinguistic. According to Holmes in his book *an introduction to sociolinguistic* (1992: page 1), stated that “sociolinguistics is the study of the relationship between language and society”. Depending on the explanation from Holmes the writer conclude that sociolinguistic is the knowledge which have relationship between language and society.

“Sociolinguistics is that part of linguistics which is concerned with language as a social and cultural phenomenon. It investigates the field of language and society & has close connections with the social sciences, especially social psychology, anthropology, human geography and sociology (Trudgill, 1974:32).”

2.1.2 Speech Community

According to Yule (2006: 1) stated that “a group of citizen who share a set of norms and expectations regarding the use of language is called speech communities”. in another explanation is from Bernard Spolsky, In his book he said that “the speech community is a complex interlocking network of communities whose members share knowledge about and attitudes towards the language use patterns of others as well as themselves” . Both of explanation above, those explanations stated that the environment is including as speech community.

2.1.3 Language Choice

According to Brace (2001: 11), "Language is a tool of communication between speakers and listeners. Then, language choice is society phenomena. The choice of language refers to selecting language for different purpose in different social contexts. Social context is one of the causes of language choice". They try to speak the language, which can encourage them to speak in other communities. Another explanation is from Muhammad's study (2012: 8 cited in Holmes 2008) stated "the way of people choose the language depending on the setting, participant, and topic". So, they use different languages based on those three components based on Holmes theories there are setting, participants, and topic. So the writer concludes that they will use some languages in different contexts, although they are not fluent in the language.

2.1.4 Diglossia and Bilingualism

According to Chaerin his book *sosiolinguistikperkenalanawal*(2004: pages 92), stated “the word diglossia is derived from French. It is called diglossia which has been used by Marçais, he is a linguist from French”. Moreover an explanation from Holmes (1992:36), said that “the diglossia is a characteristic of speech communities rather than individuals. Individuals may be bilingual. Societies or communities are diglossic”. So, Diglossia is the ability to use two languages in the society

According to Pride in his book *sociolinguistic aspect of language learning and teaching* (1979: pages 74), said that “bilingualism is the practice of alternatively using two languages. Bilingualism is different with monolinguals; it is the ability to use a single code”. Another explanation are from Fasold (2006: 392). In his book *an introduction in sociolinguistic* stated that “bilingualism is for a group of people to have a sense of identity more characteristic of a nationality than an ethnic group “.

2.1.5 Polyglossia and Multilingualism

According to Holmes (2001:32) “Polyglossia is a useful term for describing situations where more two distinct code or varieties are uses for clearly distinct purposes or in clearly distinguishable situation. For example, the community of Maori people in New Zealand. They have one variety of language, which consider as “L” variety or called low variety. Then, two varieties which are considered as “H” variety or called high variety, Colloquial or daily

language of Maori was the “L” variety which they used to talk to friends, family, and in many shop’.

2.1.6 Code Switching and Code Mixing

According to Coulmas in his book *Sociolinguistics, the study of speakers* (2006: 113), said that “code switching happens spontaneously”.

Those are some definitions about code switching. According to Holmes (1992: 50) stated that “code switching occur when the speaker shifted their language from one language to another”. Then, according to Attariba and Heredia, 2008: 86 said that “code switching is occurs when a bilingual person is speaking in one language and then switches to other language”. So from the some definition about the code switching that has explain by many socialist the writer can conclude that code switching is occurs when the people switch her languages to other languages.

According to Bonvillian in his book *Language, culture, and communication the meaning of message* (2011: 336), stated “code mixing is a linguistics process that incorporates material from a second language into a base of language, adding morphological markers of the base to introduced elements. There are some factors caused code switching and code mixing. They are asserting power (pride and status), decelerating solidarity, expressing ethnic identity, being more competent, conveying the speaker’s attitude to the listener, expressing self-emotion, and being more informative (massage-oriented)”.

2.1.7 Domain

According to Holmes(2001: 24), “domain is a number of such typical interactions have been identified as relevant in describing pattern of code choice in many speech communities. There are seven domains are family, friendship, neighborhood, transaction, government, education and employment”.

2.1.8 Social factors

According to Holmes (1992:29)“there are four factors which influence the language choice. Those are known as social factors. The influence of the social factors is reflecting in the language they choose to use”. These social factors are:

1. The participants: Who is speaking and with who they are speaking
2. The setting or social context of the interaction: where they are speaking.
3. The topic : What is the talking about
4. The function: what is the function

These are the basic factors to know the purpose why people talk differently.

1.3.1 Social dimension

According to Holmes (2001:25), stated that“when both of participants share more than on variety, then two other factors will contribute to the appropriate choice”. He also said those dimensions are related between participants and the function of speech (2001:26).These include four scales which are: the first is a social distance scaleconcerns with participants relationship, such

different languages when they interact with their teacher or friends. The functional scalesto assess the influence of social setting or type of interaction on language choice (Holmes, 1992:12).

CHAPTER III

Research Methods

In this part consist of research design, data and data sources, the instruments, technique of data collection, and the last data analysis.

3.1 Research Design

In this study, the writer uses descriptive qualitative approach. According to Aryl (1990: 381) said “Descriptive research studies are designed to obtain information concerning the current status of phenomena”

The analysis of this research was taken from “Captain Philips” movie, focusing on the conversation between muse and nemo. The writer analysed about sociolinguistic, including language choice. The aims of this research are to know what are the language that used by the main characters and why the main character used language choice.

3.2 Data and Data sources

The data was collect from some scenes of the movie entitled “Captain Philips”, the writer get this movie by the downloading from the site www.youtube.com. The writer decides to choose it movie because the character of Somalia people reflected language choice which was they use in the movie. As the result, the writer interest in analysing language choice further as her study.



3.5 Technique of Data Analysis

After collect the data, the writer will begin to analyze the data.

- 1) The writer searches the subtitle from “Captain Philips” movie.
- 2) After find the subtitle from “captain Philips” movie, the writer translate Somalia language to English language to know what are the meaning from Somalia language.

NEMO : waxayhalkanjoogaan! dhaqso, mooska! (They're here ! Hurry, muse!)

MUSE : Maxaadjahawareeveysaa, maxaad u soobaxdaybiyaha?

waadogtahaywaxaaadumlaynaysoinaadsameyso!
waainaadkabaxdaalacagtashaqola'aanta! (*What the hell are you doing? why aren't you out on the water? you know what you're supposed to do! you should be out there earning money!*)**Laakiinwaxaannuqabannaytoddobaadkiihore.Taasooa haydtoddobaadkiihore! macallinkuwuxuudoonayaalacag manta! markiibamarkab kale**
gashoamawaxaadujaawaabidoontaa! (*But we caught a ship last week. that was last week! the boss wants money today! bring Garaad another ship soon or you will answer for it!*)

Data 2

MUSE Stop now !
MUSE : Alabama, this is your final warning, Stop the ship.
They are not stopping. Show them who we are.
MUSE : **Fallaadhagan, ooiyaga at! (Shoot at them!)**
Shots rasaas! Shots rasaas! Hit tubooyinkala(Shots fired!
Shots fired! Hit the hoses)
KENNY : Coming in close, cap
PHILIPS : Shane ! Hose seven has slipped, be careful.
SHANE : I am on channel 3. It is clear over there!
KENNY : They are coming back in.
MUSE : **Isagagan ! (shoot him!)**

[illegible]

Data 3

MUSE :Nobodygets hurt. Easy.Hey!Look at me.
PHILIPS : Sure
MUSE :I'm the captain now.
Iskailaali mid fooshaxun(Watch this ugly one)
NAJEE :Maxaadsamaynaysaanooaad(What are you
doing?)
MUSE :Waxaandoonayaainaankusaxno(I'm going to fix
it)
Ma garanaysaasidaaad(Do you know how?)
Hay qorigaisaga(Hold the gun on him)
NAJEE :Waxaanisagaaheshay, ha kawelwelin(I've got him,
don't worry)

Based on conversation above, most of language that used by Muse is Somali Language. Muse uses the Somalia language when he talks with Najee his friend. He talks uses Somalia language because Najees doesn't understand with any other languages except Somalia language. The topic of the conversation above to threat from Pirates to "Captain Philips" when they already reach to hijack controls of AlabamaShips.. Then Muse used his language or Somalia language to speak with Najee. Muse gives command to Najee to hold the gun on "Captain Philips".The situation is still strain for the vessel crew.

Data 4

MUSE :One minute, I will kill someone.
Another minute, I kill somebody,I kill all your
friends. One minute.
I will no call again.
Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya
(Get that one and put him against the wall)

PHILIPS :No, I'm doing the best...

MUSE :No play. No play.

PHILLIPS : I'm doing the best I can.

MUSE :Easy, I kill you. Easy. Stop play!

PHILIPS :Don't shoot him. Don't shoot him.
You're gonna shoot somebody, shoot me.

PHILIPS : Okay, all right.
MUSE : Up.

From the conversation above, Muse uses Somalia language which is used by Bilal, his friend.

Data 6

BILAL : Ma aanan u malaynaysaa in taasudhicilahaa, waxaanwaayikartaacagtaydu(*I didn't think this would happen, I could lose my foot*)

MUSE : Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon(*You are not ready for anything*)
Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran(*This game isn't for the weak*)

MUSE :qaaduutoosh!(*Take his flashlight!*)
qolka this Hubi(*Check this room*)

MUSE :Enough. Engine room.Put your hand up. Upyour hands. Up.

MUSE : Up.

Data 6

MUSE : Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon(*You have to be ready for anything*)
Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran(*This game isn't for the weak*)

ELMI : Waa maxay(What is it?)

MUSE :Your ship no broke. They come Somalia too. More money.

you.

Based on the conversation, Muse change his language when he speaks with “Captain Philips”; **everything good, Irish. Everything will be okay. I go Navy ship, get dollars, you go home. It was supposed to be easy. I take ship, ransom, nobody get hurt.** He also used English Language to Castellano (American Navy) over radio; **anything happen, he dies. I tell you.** The topic of the conversation is the negotiation that will be held by American Navy to save “Captain Philips”.

4.1.1.2 Language choice that used by Muse in transaction domain

In this part the writer analyzes language choice used by Muse in transaction domain. transaction domain .It shows in example below :

Data 1

MUSE : Stop now !

MUSE : Alabama, this is your final warning, Stop the ship. They are not stopping. Show them who we are.

MUSE : Fallaadhagan, ooiyaga at! (Shoot at them!)
Shots rasaas! Shots rasaas! Hit tubooyinkala(Shots fired! Shots fired! Hit the hoses)

KENNY : Coming in close, cap

PHILIPS : Shane ! Hose seven has slipped, be careful.

SHANE : I am on channel 3. It is clear over there!

KENNY : They are coming back in.

MUSE : Isagagan ! (shoot him!)

As shows on the conversation above, Muse talks in English language(Stop now!,Alabama, this is your final warning, Stop the ship. They are not stopping, Show them who we are)to vessel crew; Shane, Kenny and “Captain Philips”.

is duress to captain from the pirates. They wants to kill someone if the captain did not tell where the position of all of the crew of the ship. Muse change English language to Somali when he give command to Najee to prove his threaten (Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya).

Data 4

MUSE :qaaduutoosh!(Take his flashlight!)
qolka this Hubi(Check this room)
BILAL :halkan mid No (No one here)
MUSE :**Enough. Engine room.Put your hand up. Up
your hands. Up.**
PHILIPS :Okay, all right.
MUSE : **Up.**

Based on the conversation above, the language choice that used by Muse to give command to “Captain Philips”(Enough.Engineerroom.Put your hand up. Up your hands, Up).

Data 5

BILAL : Ma aanan u malaynaysaa in taasudhicilahaa, waxaanwaayikartaacagtaydu(I didn't think this would happen, I could lose my foot)

MUSE : Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon(You have to be ready for anything)
Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran(This game isn't for the weak)

MUSE : **Your face looks scared Irish, but everything gonna be okay.I'm not gonna hurt you, In two days we'll be eating in Somalia.
My boss talk to ship company. Insurance man come, bag of dollarsyou go home.**

ELMI : Waa maxay(What is it?)

MUSE :Waahadiyad(It's a gift)
**Your ship no broke. They come Somalia too.
More money.**

MUSE :No tricks, or your captain dead.

board

NEMO : (As captain, you're responsible for the lives of everyone on board) **Xuquuqdanowyouiyagagelinayahalis bay kujireen**

NEMO : (Right now you are putting them in jeopardy)**Waxaandoonaya ainaan waxansinabad ah laguxalliyo.**

NEMO : (We wanna resolve this thing peacefully)
Aankahelijidkakasoobaxayoowada this kahorintaqofuuyeeelin

NEMO : (Let's find a way out of this together before
someone gets hurt)
Alabama lifeboat, respond.

MUSE :I talk when I go Somalia.

As stated previously in the conversation above, Nemo uses Somali Language mostly. He only mixes English word “Alabama lifeboat, respond” to Muse. Nemo speaks English to “Captain Philips”. His addressee is Muse and “Captain Philips”. They talk over the radio. The topic is asking about “Captain Philips” condition, whether he save or not. A panic situation faced by Nemo here.

4.2 The factors that caused by the main character in “Captain Philips”

In here, the writer analyzes language choice based on two ways. There are social factors and social dimension. According to Holmes(1992:29), “there are seven factors which influence in the language choice. Those are known as social factors. The influence of the social factors is reflecting in the language they choose to use. Kinds of social factor are participants, setting, topic, and function of interaction, but the writer focuses on participants or addressee, setting, and topic”. It can be seen on answer of the first question.

4.2.1 Reason of language choice used by Muse

The writer divided the reason of language choice used by Muse based on two domains. There are friendship and transaction. As mention below:

1.2.1.1 Reason of language choice used by Muse in friendship domain

In this part, the writer analyzes reasons of language choice used by Muse in friendship domain. There are several data that include friendship domain:

Data 1

NEMO : waxayhalkanjoogaan! dhaqso, mooska! (They're here ! Hurry, muse!)

MUSE : Maxaadjahawareeysaa, maxaad u soobaxdaybiyaha?

waadogtahaywaxaaadumlaynaysoinaadsameyso!

waainaadkabaxdaalacagtashaqola'aanta! (What the hell are you doing? why aren't you out on the water? you know what you're supposed to do! you should be out there earning money!)

**Laakiinwaxaannuqabannaytoddobaadkiihore.Taasooahaydtod
dobaadkiihore! macallinkuwuxuudoonayaalacag manta!
markiibamarkab kale gashoamawaxaadujaawaabidoontaa!
(But we caught a ship last week. that was last week! the boss
wants money today! bring Garaad another ship soon or you
will answer for it!)**

Based on the social factor, the addressee is Muse. The social context of the interaction occurs in Somali Island. When he gives command to Muse to caught the ship. The topic of the conversation is Muse talks to Nemo to out on the water because the Boss wants money. This situation happens in the Somalia land.

MUSE

MUSE : Stop now !

MUSE : Alabama, this is your final warning. Stop the ship. They are not stopping. Show them who we are.

MUSE : Fallaadhagan, ooiyaga at! (Shoot at them!)

Shots rasaas! Shots rasaas! Hit tubooyinkala(Shots fired!

Shots fired! Hit the hoses)

KENNY : Coming in close, cap

PHILIPS : Shane ! Hose seven has slipped, be careful.

SHANE : I am on channel 3. It is clear over there!

KENNY : They are coming back in.

MUSE : Isagagan ! (shoot him!)

As shown in the conversation above, Muse talks in English language to vessel crew in dialogue :**“stop now!Alabama, this is your final warning, stop the ship. They are not stopping, show them who we are“** Muse changed English language to Somalia language when he speak with Billal in the end of this conversation :**”Isagaagan!”**the meaning is he give command to bilal to shoot Kenny. The topic of the conversation is the pirates warn the ship to stop, and they threaten to shoot the ship. This situation happens in the sea, when the pirates try to chase Alabama ship.

Data 3

MUSE :One minute, I will kill someone.

Another minute, I kill somebody, I kill all your friends. One minute.

I will no call again.

Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya
(Get that one and put him against the wall)

PHILIPS :No, I'm doing the best...

MUSE :No play. No play.

PHILLIPS : I'm doing the best I can.

MUSE :Easy, I kill you. Easy.Stop play!

PHILIPS :Don't shoot him. Don't shoot him.

You're gonna shoot somebody, shoot me.

From the conversation above, Muse uses English language as his language choice. He uses English language when he duress the “Captain Philips”. The topic

is duress to captain from the pirates. They want to kill someone if the captain did not tell where the position of all of the crew of the ship. Muse changed English language to Somalia language when he gives the commands Najee to prove his threaten (Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya). “Captain Philips” placed in anxiety situation when he cannot save his staff.

MUSE :qaaduutoosh!(Take his flashlight!)
qolka this Hubi(Check this room)
BILAL :halkan mid No (No one here)
MUSE :**Enough. Engine room.Put your hand up. Up
your hands. Up.**
PHILIPS :Okay, all right.
MUSE : **Up.**

Data 5

BILAL : Ma aanan u malaynaysaa in taasudhicilahaa, waxaanwaayikartaacagtaydu(I didn't think this would happen, I could lose my foot)

MUSE : **Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon(You have to be ready for anything)**
Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran(This game isn't for the weak)

MUSE :Yeah, sure. Rich countries like to help Somalis.
Big ships come to our water, take all the fish out. What's left for
us to fish?

MUSE :Yeah, we're all fishermen

Data 7

MUSE :[OVER RADIO] **Anything happen, he die. I tell you.**

[illegible]

MUSE :America? Ha-ha-ha. Yes! Yes!You?Yankee?
 PHILIPS :Me? Yeah, yeah.Yeah, yeah.Yankee-Irish. Yeah.
 MUSE :Lagabilaabohaddaon this mid waxaa la
 odhanjiraIrish, okay? (From now on this one is called Irish, okay?)

From the conversation above, Muse uses English Language as his language choice when he give instruction to “Captain Philips” (**Hey! Don't move! Don't move!**) he also uses English language when he do transaction with “Captain Philips” about money. This conversation happens on the Albama Ship, when the pirates can reach the ship. Muse intimidates the vessel crew with the gun, but he also pacified “Captain Philips” and did the language choice by uses English Language (Captain, Relax. Nobody get hurt. No al Qaeda here. Just business. We want money. When we get paid, everything gonna be okay. The ship, Where from?). After that, he did the language choice again by uses the Somalia Language (Lagabilaabohadda on this mid waxaa la odhanjiray Irish, okay?) to inform the Somalia People that “Captain Philips” should called Irish. Topic of this conversation is that Muse tells “Captain Philips” what his purpose, he also give menace to the crew of the ship. They are in strain situation with the anxiousness of the crew of ship.

Data 3

MUSE :One minute, I will kill someone.
 Another minute, I kill somebody; I kill all your friends.
 One minute.
 I will not call again.
 Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya
 (Get that one and put him against the wall)
 PHILIPS :No, I'm doing the best...
 MUSE :**No play. No play.**
 PHILLIPS : I'm doing the best I can.

MUSE :Easy, I kill you, easy! Stop play!
 PHILIPS :Don't shoot him. Don't shoot him.
 You're going to shoot somebody, shoot me.

From the conversation above, the topic is duress toward “Captain Philips” from Muse. He will kill someone if the captain did not tell where the position of all of the crew of the ship. Muse shift English language to Somali when he gives command to Najee to prove his threaten; **Hel mid oowuxuugeliyeyderbikudhacaya**. “Captain Philips” placed in anxiety situation when he cannot save his staff.

Data 4

MUSE :qaaduutoosh!(Take his flashlight!)
golka this Hubi(Check this room)
BILAL :halkan mid No (No one here)
MUSE :**Enough. Engine room.Put your hand up. Up
your hands. Up.**
PHILIPS :Okay, all right.
MUSE : **Up.**

In the conversation above, language shift used by Muse to give instructed to “Captain Philips”; **Enough, engineroom. Put your hands up. Up your hands. Up.** Muse uses English because the addressee is a “Captain Philips” who cannot speaks Somali Language. In this conversation Muse speaks Somali Language to Billal; **Qaaduutoosh!. qolka this Hubi.** The topic is about a want of Muse to look for the crew of the ship by check all of the room in ship one by one. “Captain Philips” tries to get Muse confidence that he did not know where is his staff hide.

Data 5

BILAL : Ma aanan u malaynaysaa in taasudhicilahaa, waxaanwaayikartaacagtaydu(I didn't think this would happen, I could lose my foot)

MUSE : Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon(You have to be ready for anything)
Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran(This game isn't for the weak)

MUSE : Your face looks scared Irish, but everything gonna be okay. I'm not gonna hurt you, In two days we'll be eating in Somalia. My boss talk to ship company. Insurance man come, bag of dollars you go home.

ELMI : Waa maxay(What is it?)

MUSE :Waahadiyad(It's a gift)
Your ship no broke. They come Somalia too.
More money.

As happens in the dialogue above, Muse changes his Somali Language to English Language to speak with “Captain Philips”. When he speaks Somali the addressee is Elmi and Billal, while “Captain Philips” becomes his addressee when he speaks English. They talk in the sloop when the pirates get “Captain Philips” as their internee. When Muse talk to Billal, he is angry because he feels that Billal is useless, he just give bother to them; **Waa in aaddiyaar u tahay wax noqon. Tani ma aha, waayo, kuwaitaalkadaran.** The topic of this conversation is the expectation of Muse after they take the Captain with them. He speaks English in his dialogue; **My boss talk to ship company. Insurance man come, bag of dollars you go home.** “Captain Philips” did not say anything, he just hear what Muse speaks with antipathy.

Data 6

BILAL : Ma qabtid. Waxaa uu wadabaabbo'o (I don't have any. It's all gone)

NAJEE : Waxaadtahayaanwaxtarlahayn (You are useless)

MUSE : Waa in Anigaayaasaaskukaaqaado(I should have taken it from you)

MUSE : You come to our waters, you got to pay.

PHILIPS :We were in international waters.
Not your waters, international waters.
We were carrying food for starving people in Africa.
Even Somalis.

MUSE :Yeah, sure. Rich countries like to help Somalis. Big ships come to our water, take all the fish out. What's left for us to fish?

PHILIPS : So you're fishermen?

MUSE : Yeah, we're all fishermen

The language choice in this conversation is when Muse speaks to “Captain Philips” after he makes a conversation with Billal and Najee in the sloop; **Waa in Anigaayaasaaskukaaqaado**. Then he change language to English when he gives admonition to “Captain Philips”; **you come to our waters, you got to pay**. The topic of the conversation is about the inequities that exist in Somalia according to Muse perspective, he said; **Big ships come to our water, take all the fish out. What's left for us to fish?**. Muse also tells to “Captain Philips” that he was a fisherman before he decides to be robber at sea.

4.2.2 Reason of language choice used by nemo

In this part, the writer analyzes reasons of language choice used by Muse in friendship domain. In this domain, the writer gives four example consist in Data 1, Data 2, Data 3, and Data 4.

4.2.2.1 the reason of language choice that used by nemo in friendship domain

Nemo is American Navy. He is negotiator from America who has to save “Captain Philips” that becomes a hostage of Somali Pirates. Nemo used Somali language to communicate with pirates, and used English Language to communicate with American people. The addressee is Muse and “Captain Philips”. There are two conversations that include language shift used by Nemo to Muse:

Data 1

MUSE :No military action. No al Qaeda.Weare just fishermen.
NEMO : **dego, walaalkiis** (Calm down, brother)
Waxaanhalkan u joognaawaayo, oosirkaalahaa,
ooaanidiin(We're here for the captain, not for you)

Waxayleeyihiinbasaasiyaga la (They have a spy with them)

MUSE : Hey, aad. Yaadtahay?(Hey, you. Who are you?)

NEMO :MagacayguwaaNemo. Waxaan la Navy

Maraykankashageeyaan, kaliyawaxaanrabnaa in ay kahadlaan

(My name is Nemo. I work with the U.S. Navy, we just want to talk)

MUSE :I talk English. I want 10 million dollars.

NEMO :It's not that easybut we'll work on it.

In the meantime, what if I bring you some food and water?

MUSE :No tricks, or your captain dead.

Conclusion and Suggestion

In here, the writer reported the language choice that used by the main characters in “Captain Philips” the movie. The language choice theory which are taken from Janet Holmes theory and which focuses on domain, relates the social dimension and social factor. The study shows that the main characters used different language and different domains, they speak English and Somalia language, and they speak different language in different domain, addressee, setting and topic.

5.2 Suggestion

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