

MOST FREQUENTLY USED WORDS IN ENGLISH FOR TOURISM: A STUDY ON ELT CORPORA

THESIS

**Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree Sarjana
Pendidikan (S.Pd) in Teaching English**



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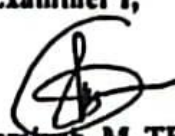
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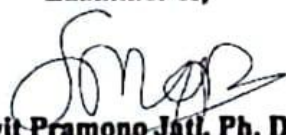
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ABSTRACT

Kamilah, P. (2024). *Most Frequently Used Words in English for Tourism: A Study On Elt Corpora*. A Thesis. English Language Education Department. Faculty of Tarbiyah and Teacher Training, UIN Sunan Ampel Surabaya. Supervisors: H. Mokhamad Syaifudin, M.Ed., Ph.D. and Hilda Izzati Madjid, MA.

Keywords: ESP, Corpus, Tourism Management, Textbooks, content.

English for Tourism is typically taught to students in vocational or high school programs focused on the Tourism Industry. However, in learning English at vocational schools, only a few books are used to learn English vocabulary related to the corpora used in this discipline. This research aims to collect the 100 most frequently used words in English for Tourism. This research collected quantitative data using the software AntConc 4.2.0 to find the frequency of words in authentic English materials for tourism. In this research, the source of the corpora are two books about Tourism Management. The data analysis results in the 100 most frequently used words in each tourism book are 12 types of words and 31 tokens found in both books. The types include *attract*, *culture*, *develop*, *environment*, *market*, *mount*, *offer*, *pay*, *promote*, *provide*, *tour*, and *visit*, with the tokens are *attract*, *attraction(s)*, *cultural*, *culture(s)*, *develop*, *developed*, *developing*, *development*, *environment*, *environmental*, *market*, *marketing*, *mount*, *mountain(s)*, *offer(s)*, *offered*, *pay*, *payments*, *promotion(s)*, *promotional*, *provide(s)*, *provided*, *providing*, *tour(s)*, *tourism*, *tourist(s)*, *visit(s)*, *visited*, *visiting*, and *visitors*. In addition, one word with the same type and token has a collocation relationship. For example word *tourist* can collocate with *attract*, *attracting*, *attraction*, *development*, and *provide*. The use of the collocation is to know how to use the frequently used words in the context of tourism. Teachers and students of ESP can use this corpora for tourism to learn vocabulary related to tourism and use the words as tourism keywords.

ABSTRAK

Kamilah, P. (2024). *Most Frequently Used Words for Tourism: A Study On ELT Corpora*. Skripsi. Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris, Fakultas Tarbiyah dan Keguruan, UIN Sunan Ampel Surabaya. Pembimbing: H. Mokhammad Syaifudin, M.Ed., Ph.D. and Hilda Izzati Madjid, MA.

Keywords: ESP, Corpus, Tourism Management, Textbooks, content.

Bahasa Inggris untuk pariwisata biasanya diajarkan kepada siswa di sekolah kejuruan atau sekolah menengah yang berfokus pada industri pariwisata. Namun, dalam pembelajaran bahasa Inggris di sekolah kejuruan, hanya sedikit buku yang digunakan untuk mempelajari kosakata bahasa Inggris yang berhubungan dengan korpus yang digunakan dalam disiplin ilmu ini. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengumpulkan 100 kata yang paling sering digunakan dalam Bahasa Inggris untuk Pariwisata. Penelitian ini mengumpulkan data kuantitatif dengan menggunakan perangkat lunak AntConc 4.2.0 untuk menemukan frekuensi kata-kata dalam materi bahasa Inggris otentik untuk Pariwisata. Dalam penelitian ini, sumber korpus yang digunakan adalah dua buku tentang Manajemen Pariwisata. Analisis data menghasilkan 100 kata yang paling sering digunakan dalam setiap buku Pariwisata adalah 12 *type* dan 31 *token* yang ditemukan di kedua buku tersebut. Jenis kata tersebut antara lain *attract*, *culture*, *develop*, *environment*, *market*, *mount*, *offer*, *pay*, *promote*, *provide*, *tour*, dan *visit*, dengan *token* yakni *attract*, *attraction(s)*, *cultural*, *culture(s)*, *develop*, *developed*, *developing*, *development*, *environment*, *environmental*, *market*, *marketing*, *mount*, *mountain(s)*, *offer(s)*, *offered*, *pay*, *payments*, *promotion(s)*, *promotional*, *provide(s)*, *provided*, *providing*, *tour(s)*, *tourism*, *tourist(s)*, *visit(s)*, *visited*, *visiting*, dan *visitors*. Selain itu, satu kata dengan *type* dan *token* yang sama memiliki hubungan kolokasi. Sebagai contoh kata *tourist* dapat berkolokasi dengan *attract*, *attracting*, *attraction*, *development*, dan *provide*. Kegunaan dari kolokasi ini adalah untuk mengetahui bagaimana cara menggunakan kata-kata yang sering digunakan dalam lingkup pariwisata. Guru dan siswa ESP dapat menggunakan corpora untuk Pariwisata ini untuk mempelajari kosakata yang berhubungan dengan pariwisata dan menggunakan kata-kata tersebut sebagai kata kunci Pariwisata.

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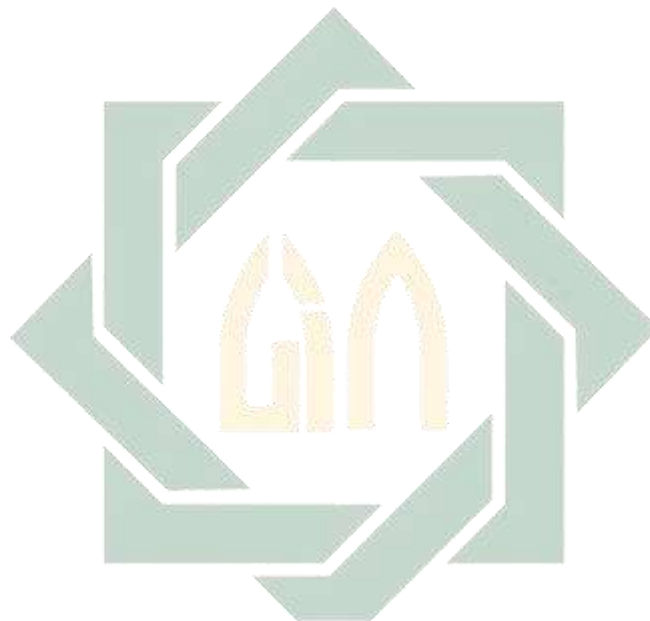
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